

**Modified Enlarged 36pt**  
**OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS**

**Tuesday 11 June 2019 – Afternoon**

**GCSE (9–1) History B (Schools History Project)**

**J411/33 Viking Expansion, c.750–c.1050  
with Living under Nazi Rule, 1933–1945**

**Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes  
plus your additional time allowance**

**YOU MUST HAVE:  
the OCR 12-page Answer Booklet  
(OCR12 sent with general stationery)**

**READ INSTRUCTIONS OVERLEAF**



# **INSTRUCTIONS**

**Use black ink.**

**Section A – Viking Expansion,  
c.750–c.1050: Answer questions 1 (a–c),  
2, 3 and EITHER question 4 OR question 5.**

**Section B – Living under Nazi Rule  
1933–1945: Answer questions 6 and 7, and  
EITHER question 8 OR question 9.**

**Write your answers in the Answer Booklet.  
The question number(s) must be clearly  
shown.**

## **INFORMATION**

**The total mark for this paper is 80.**

**The marks for each question are shown in  
brackets [ ].**

**Quality of extended response will be  
assessed in questions marked with an  
asterisk (\*).**

**BLANK PAGE**

## **SECTION A**

### **Viking Expansion, c.750–c.1050**

**Answer questions 1 (a–c), 2 and 3.**

- 1 (a) Give ONE example of a group that traded with the Volga Vikings. [1]**  
  
**(b) Identify ONE reason why Vikings left their homelands. [1]**  
  
**(c) Identify ONE feature of Harald Bluetooth's rule. [1]**
- 2 Write a clear and organised summary that analyses the trading activities of the Volga Vikings. Support your summary with examples. [9]**
- 3 What was the impact of the Great Heathen Army's invasion of England? Explain your answer with examples. [10]**

**Answer EITHER question 4 OR question 5.**

**4\* 'Religion was the most important aspect of the lives of Vikings in their homelands.' How far do you agree with this statement? Give reasons for your answer. [18]**

**5\* 'Harald Bluetooth was more important than Svein Forkbeard in the development of a Viking kingdom.' How far do you agree with this statement? Give reasons for your answer. [18]**

## **SECTION B**

### **Living under Nazi Rule, 1933–1945**

**Answer questions 6 and 7.**

- 6 What can Source A tell us about the Holocaust? Use the source and your own knowledge to support your answer. [7]**

**Source A – A letter received by a Polish resistance group in 1944 from Jewish members of the Sonderkommando. The letter came from the Auschwitz-Birkenau camp and was accompanied by pictures the Sonderkommando had taken. Sonderkommando were prisoners forced to work for the Nazis.**

G Didi-Huberman, 'Images in Spite of All: Four Photographs from Auschwitz'. (First published as *Images malgré tout*, Paris: Les Éditions de Minuit, 2003), Le Editions de Minuit, 2008. Item removed due to third party copyright restrictions.

G Didi-Huberman, ' Images in Spite of All: Four Photographs from Auschwitz'. (First published as Images malgré tout, Paris: Les Éditions de Minuit, 2003), Le Editions de Minuit, 2008. Item removed due to third party copyright restrictions.

7 How useful are Sources B and C and Interpretation D for a historian studying the establishment of the Nazi dictatorship between January and July 1933? In your answer, refer to the two sources and the interpretation as well as your own knowledge. [15]

Source B – The image and headline from a Nazi newspaper, published on 1 March 1933. The words have been translated into English opposite.



**Jetzt wird rücksichtslos  
durchgegriffen**

Kommunistische Brandstifter zünden das Reichstagsgebäude an – Der Mitteltrakt mit dem großen Sitzungssaal vernichtet – Kommunistischer Brandstifter verhaftet – Das Zeichen zur Entfesselung des kommunistischen Aufwuhes – Schärfste Maßnahmen gegen die Terroristen – Alle kommunistischen Abgeordneten in Haft – Alle marxistischen Zeitungen verboten

Das brennende Reichstagsgebäude



## **NOW WE WILL TAKE RUTHLESS STEPS**

**Communists set Reichstag alight –**

**Communist arsonists arrested –**

**Signs of a Communist uprising –**

**Increased measures against the terrorists –**

**All Communist MPs arrested –**

**All Communist newspapers banned**

**Source C – An extract from an article entitled ‘A walk through Dachau Concentration Camp’, published in a local German newspaper in June 1933.**

**The former Dachau Powder Factory has become a modern camp for political prisoners. Where grass and weeds once grew, neat paths have now been laid. We visited a row of barracks, and everywhere we saw the same picture: cleanliness, order, light and air. The prisoners work gladly and willingly and most of them are probably happy to have an orderly life, good food, and a roof over their heads. For those unclean people who oppose the Nazi Volk community, one term hangs over their head like a looming sword: concentration camp.**

## **Interpretation D – An extract from a book by historian Ian Kershaw in 2008**

I Kershaw, 'Hubris' pp 138, Penguin Books Ltd, 1998. Item removed due to third party copyright restrictions.

**Answer EITHER question 8 OR question 9.**

**8\* ‘The lives of all workers improved as a result of Nazi policies between 1933 and 1939.’ How far do you agree with this view? [18]**

**9\* ‘The German people supported the war between 1939 and 1945.’ How far do you agree with this view? [18]**

**END OF QUESTION PAPER**

---

**OCR**

Oxford Cambridge and RSA

### **Copyright Information**

OCR is committed to seeking permission to reproduce all third-party content that it uses in its assessment materials. OCR has attempted to identify and contact all copyright holders whose work is used in this paper. To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced in the OCR Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download from our public website ([www.ocr.org.uk](http://www.ocr.org.uk)) after the live examination series.

If OCR has unwittingly failed to correctly acknowledge or clear any third-party content in this assessment material, OCR will be happy to correct its mistake at the earliest possible opportunity.

For queries or further information please contact The OCR Copyright Team, The Triangle Building, Shaftesbury Road, Cambridge CB2 8EA.

OCR is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group; Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.